

【數學科】初試題目卷

2026. 1. 11 (日) ~ 1. 13 (二) Ru

一. 填充題(每題 6 分, 共 60 分)

1. 設數列 $\{a_n\}$ 滿足 $a_1=1$ 且對每個正整數 $k \geq 2$ 滿足 $5(a_1+a_2+\cdots+a_k)=(k+4)a_k$ 則 $a_{21}=$ $1 S_2 = 6 S_1$
 $2 S_3 = 7 S_2$
 \vdots
 $5! S_n = (h(h+1)(h+2)\cdots(h+4)) = Q_{21} = S_{21} - S_{20}$
 $\Rightarrow (h+1)S_k = (h+4)S_{k-1}$
 $\Rightarrow (h+1)S_{21} = (h+4)S_{20}$
 $\Rightarrow (h+1)S_{21} = (h+4)S_{20}$

2. 正實數 x 滿足 $(\log_2 x)(\log_4 x)(\log_6 x) = (\log_2 x)(\log_4 x) + (\log_2 x)(\log_6 x) + (\log_4 x)(\log_6 x)$ 則 $x =$ _____.

48 2 $\log_2 x \log_4 x \log_6 x \neq 0 \Rightarrow \log_x (2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6) = 1 \Rightarrow x = 48$
 $= 0 \Rightarrow x = 1$

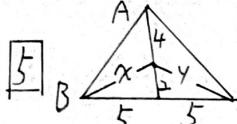
3. 設 n 為正整數, 定義 $n! = n \times (n-1) \times (n-2) \times \cdots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$ 。試問 $10! \times 9! \times 8! \times \cdots \times 3! \times 2! \times 1!$ 的正因數中是完全平方數的共有 _____ 個。

2/60 3 $2^9 \cdot 3^8 \cdot 4^7 \cdot 5^6 \cdot 6^5 \cdot 7^4 \cdot 8^3 \cdot 9^2 \cdot 10^1 = (2^2)^9 (3^2)^8 (5^2)^6 (7^2)^4 (3 \cdot 5)^2 \cdot 2^5 \cdot 3^4 \cdot 5^3 \cdot 7^4$
 $= 2^{9+18+6+4+1} \cdot 3^{8+16+3+4} \cdot 5^6 \cdot 7^4$
 $20 \cdot 9 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = 2/60$

9 4. 有一多項式 $f(x)$ 。若 $f(x)$ 除以 $(x-1)^2$ 餘 $3x+2$ 則 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 f(1) - f(x^2)}{x-1} =$ _____.

4 4 $f(x) = (x-1)^2 Q(x) + 3x+2$
 $f(1) = 5, f'(1) = 3$
 $\frac{3x^2 \cdot 5 - f'(x^2) \cdot 2x}{1} \xrightarrow{x=1} 9$

63 5. 已知 G 為 $\triangle ABC$ 的重心, $\overline{BC} = 10$, $\overline{AG} = 4$, $\angle BGC = \frac{3\pi}{4}$ 則 $\triangle ABC$ 的面積為 _____.

5 5 
 $\text{Area} = 2(25+4) - 2 \times 4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{63}{2}$

6. 若 n 為自然數, 則 $C_2^2 + C_3^2 + C_4^2 + \cdots + C_n^2 =$ _____。(請以 n 的形式表示)

6 6 $\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{2k(-k-1)}{2} = \sum_{k=1}^n (k(-k-1) + k^2) = \frac{(n+1)h(h-1)}{3} + \frac{h(h+1)(2h+1)}{6} = \frac{h(h+1)(4h-1)}{6}$

2/3 7. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [(n^3 + 2n^2 + 3)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (n^2 + 5)^{\frac{1}{2}}] =$ _____.

7 7 $\frac{(n^3 + 2n^2 + 3)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (h^3)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(-((h^2+5)^{\frac{1}{2}} - (h^2)^{\frac{1}{2}})} = \frac{2h^2+3}{(h^3+2h^2+3)^{\frac{1}{3}} + (h^3+2h^2+3)^{\frac{1}{3}}(h^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} + (h^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (h^2+5)^{\frac{1}{2}} + (h^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \xrightarrow{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2}{3}$

8. 若 x 為正整數且滿足 $2^x = x^{12}$ 則 $x =$ _____.

2/8 8 $x = 2^n \Rightarrow 2^n = 32n \Rightarrow h = 8 \Rightarrow 2^8$

8 8 $\Rightarrow 2^{2n} = 2^{32n}$ (-代入)

3 9. 求 2^{2025} 的十位數為 _____.

10 10 $(n-1)! = 23n^2 - 64n + 41$
 $\Rightarrow 23n = (n-1)! + 41 \Rightarrow n = 7$

7 10. 若 n 為自然數且滿足 $n! = 23n^3 - 64n^2 + 41n$ 。這裡 $n!$ 代表 n 的階乘數。求 $n =$ _____.

