

任意三個數的乘積

例題：

將十次多項式

$(x+1)(x+2)(x+3)(x+4)(x+5)(x+6)(x+7)(x+8)(x+9)(x+10)$ 展開後得

$x^{10} + 55x^9 + a_8x^8 + a_7x^7 + \dots + 10!$, 若 $a_8 = 55M$, $a_7 = 55^2N$, 其中 M, N 為正整數,

求 $(M, N) = ?$

先取一個數字與全部數字兩兩乘積相乘 $N \times (1 \times 2 + 1 \times 3 + \dots + 1 \times 10 + 2 \times 3 + \dots + 9 \times 10)$ 減去不合理

的部分

$$1 \times [(1 \times 2 + 1 \times 3 + \dots + 1 \times 10 + 2 \times 3 + \dots + 9 \times 10) - (1 \times 2 + 1 \times 3 + \dots + 1 \times 10)] +$$

$$2 \times [(1 \times 2 + 1 \times 3 + \dots + 2 \times 3 + \dots + 2 \times 10 + \dots + 9 \times 10) - (1 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 + \dots + 2 \times 10)] + \dots +$$

$$10 \times [(1 \times 2 + \dots + 9 \times 10) - (1 \times 10 + 2 \times 10 + \dots + 9 \times 10)] =$$

$$(1+2+\dots+10)(1 \times 2 + \dots + 9 \times 10) - [1 \times (1 \times 2 + 1 \times 3 + \dots + 1 \times 10) + 2 \times (1 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 + \dots + 2 \times 10) + \dots$$

$$+ 10 \times (1 \times 10 + 2 \times 10 + \dots + 9 \times 10)] =$$

$$55 \times (55 \times 24) - \{[1^2 \times (1+2+\dots+10) - 1^3] + [2^2 \times (1+2+\dots+10) - 2^3] + \dots + [10^2 \times (1+2+\dots+10) - 10^3]\}$$

$$= 55^2 \times 24 - (1+2+\dots+10) \times (1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + 10^2) + (1^3 + 2^3 + \dots + 10^3)$$

$$= 55^2 \times 24 - 55 \times \frac{10 \times 11 \times 21}{6} + \left(\frac{10 \times 11}{2}\right)^2 = 55^2 \times 18$$

$$\therefore \frac{10C_2^9}{C_3^{10}} = 3 \quad \therefore \text{必有三組數字的乘積重複(例如: } 1 \times 2 \times 3, 2 \times 1 \times 3, 3 \times 1 \times 2\text{)}$$

$$\therefore \text{所求} = \frac{55^2 \times 18}{3} = 55^2 \times 6$$

推論

三個數字的兩兩乘積

設 N 個數字和= P ， N 個數字平方和= q ， N 個數字立方和= r ，兩兩乘積和= m ，則

$$\text{由上題過程可知 } p \times m - p \times q + r = p \times \left(\frac{p^2 - q}{2}\right) - p \times q + p^2 = \frac{1}{2}p^3 - \frac{3}{2}pq + p^2$$

$$\therefore \text{所求} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}p^3 - \frac{3}{2}pq + p^2}{3} = \frac{1}{6}p^3 - \frac{1}{2}pq + \frac{1}{3}p^2$$

$$(\because p^2 = q + 2m \therefore m = \frac{p^2 - q}{2} \text{ 且 } r = p^2)$$