$$5c - 3a \le b \le 4c - a$$

$$\frac{5c}{a} - 3 \le \frac{b}{a} \le \frac{4c}{a} - 1 \quad \cdots (1)$$

$$\begin{cases}
5c - 3a \le 4c - a \\
0 < b \le 4c - a
\end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{4} < \frac{c}{a} \le 2 \quad \cdots (2)$$

$$c \ln b \ge a + c \ln c \Rightarrow a \le c \ln \left(\frac{b}{c}\right) \cdots (3)$$

$$\pm (1),(2) \quad \frac{b}{a} \le 4 \times 2 - 1 = 7$$

等號成立於b=7a,c=2a代入(3),成立

$$\pm (3) \quad \frac{1}{a} \ge \frac{1}{c \ln\left(\frac{b}{c}\right)} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} \ge \frac{b}{c \ln\left(\frac{b}{c}\right)} = \frac{\frac{b}{c}}{\ln\left(\frac{b}{c}\right)}$$

考慮函數
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{\ln x}$$
 $(x > 1)$

微分可知x = e時,f(x)有最小值e

故
$$\frac{b}{a} \ge e$$
,等號成立於 $b = ea = ec, a = c$ 代入 (1) ,成立

所求為
$$e \le \frac{b}{a} \le 7$$