

2.

$$\frac{2}{\log_{x-1} 2} - (\log_2 |x^2 - 4|) + 2 = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{\log_{x-1} 2} + 2 = \log_2 |x^2 - 4|$$

由  $\log$  的限制條件

$$x-1 \neq 1, x-1 > 0, |x^2 - 4| > 0$$

$$x \neq 2, x > 1, x \neq -2$$

討論絕對值

(i)  $(x^2 - 4) > 0$

$$\frac{2}{\log_{x-1} 2} + 2 = \log_2 (x^2 - 4)$$

$$\log_2 (x-1)^2 + \log_2 2^2 = \log_2 (x^2 - 4)$$

$$4(x-1)^2 = (x^2 - 4)$$

$$4x^2 - 8x + 4 = x^2 - 4$$

$$3x^2 - 8x + 8 = 0$$

$$D = (-8)^2 - 4 \times 3 \times 8 < 0$$

x 無實數解

(ii)  $(x^2 - 4) < 0$

$$\log_2 (x-1)^2 + \log_2 2^2 = \log_2 -(x^2 - 4)$$

$$4x^2 - 8x + 4 = -x^2 + 4$$

$$5x^2 - 8x = 0$$

$$x=0(\text{不合}) \text{ or } x=\frac{8}{5}$$